



Optimizing Financial Aid Packaging Through Data Science/Variables, Probabilities, and Enrollment Likelihood

Using Predictive Modeling in your Enrollment Strategy

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Agenda

The Science

- Econometric Modeling
- Prioritization and Scoring Based on Predictive Analytics

The Application

- Recruitment + Retention = Enrollment
- Applications and Use Cases



Econometric Modeling – Prioritization and Scoring Based on Predictive Analytics

Econometric Modeling

Modeling Price Sensitivity and Student Enrollment Behavior



Advanced Machine Learning Models



Two years of Historical Data

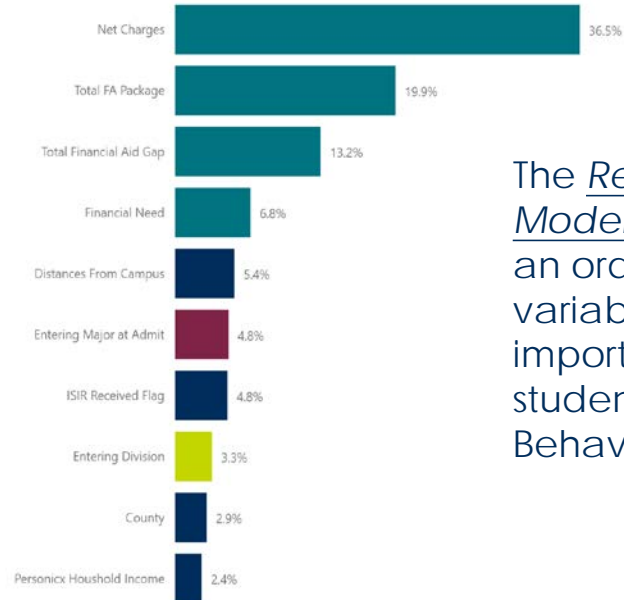


Measure the impact of aid on student's ability to enroll



Determine other factors predictive of enrollment

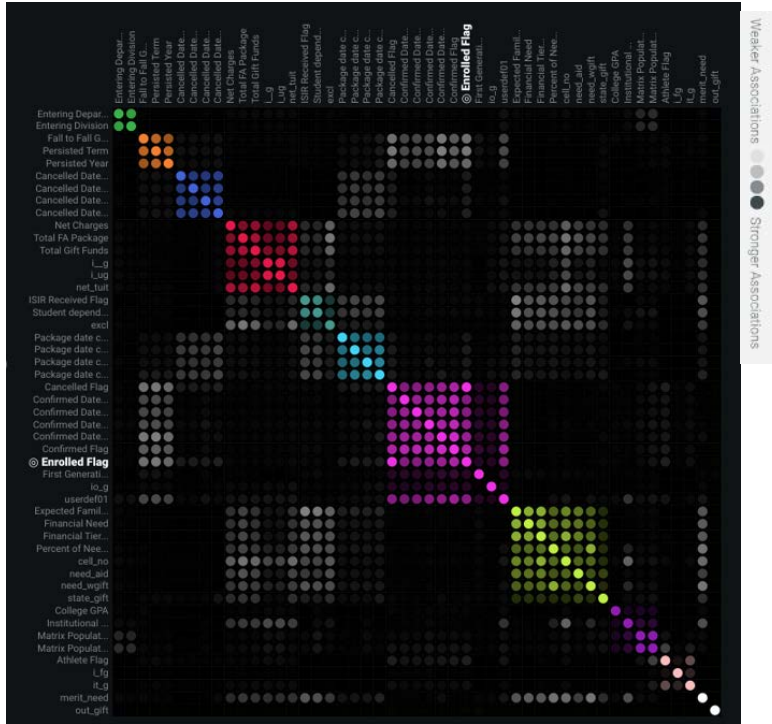
Relative Strength of Model Feature



The Relative Strength of Model Features provides an ordered list of the input variables that are most important in determining a student's Enrollment Behavior.

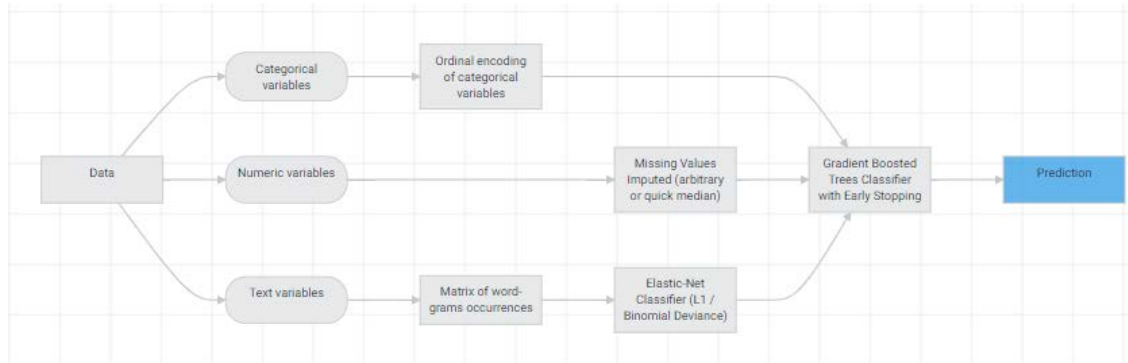
Modeling Process

Feature Associations



- Data is cleaned and processed for modeling.
- Features are analyzed, selected, and removed based on importance, feature associations, scaling etc.
- Hundreds of AI/ML-generated models are created and evaluated against each other in the model tournament.
- The best model is chosen based on accuracy metrics. (Often, blenders are used to create even more accurate models from a selection of top models.)
- This top model is used to score data.

Blueprints



Gradient Boosted Trees Classifier with Early Stopping

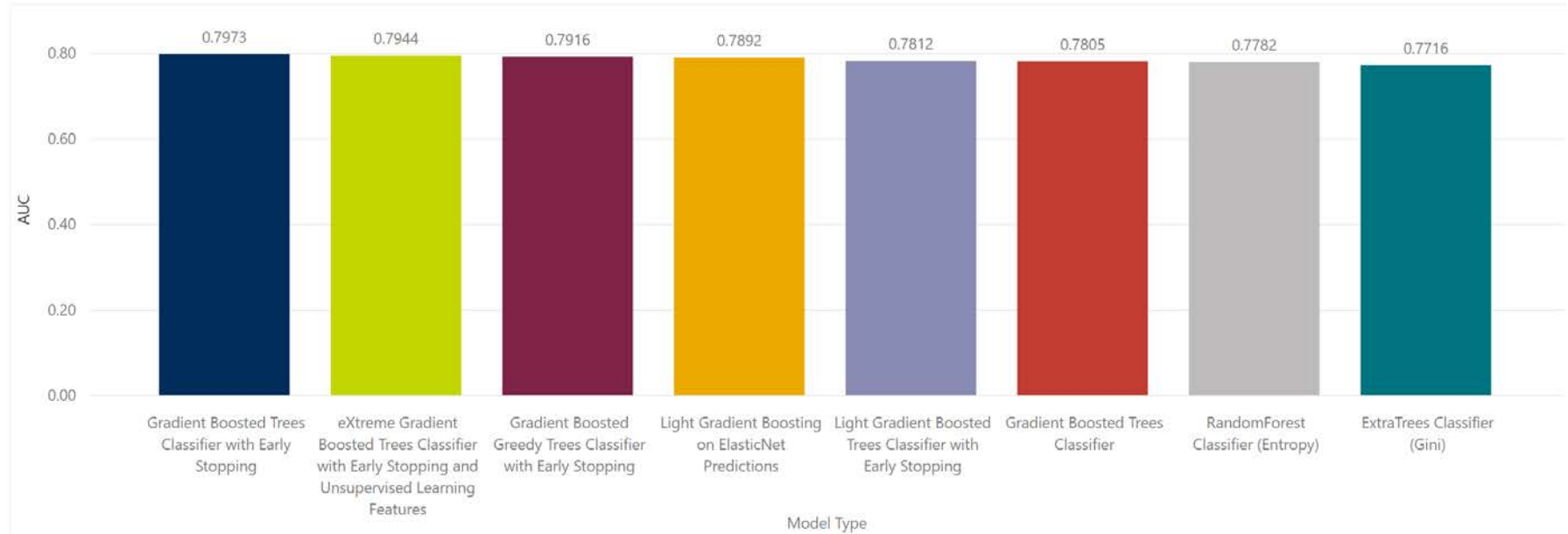


Building predictive models, We run several different versions of each algorithm and test thousands of possible combinations of data preprocessing and parameter settings. The result of this testing is provided in the **Blueprints** tab.

Blueprints are ML pipelines containing preprocessing steps, modeling algorithms, and post-processing steps.

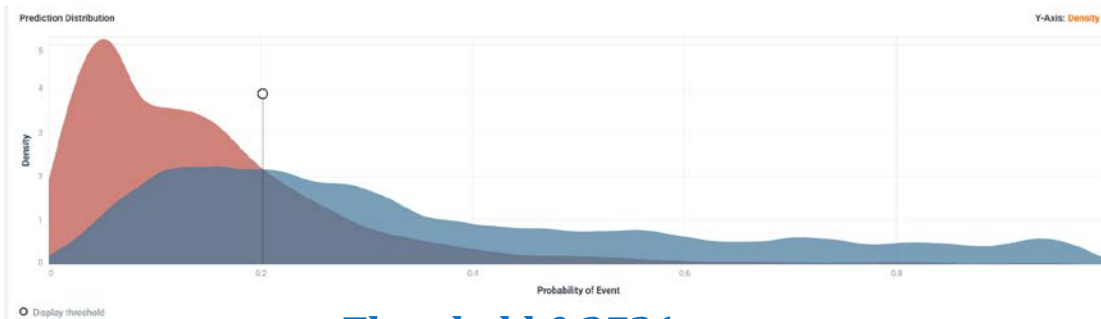
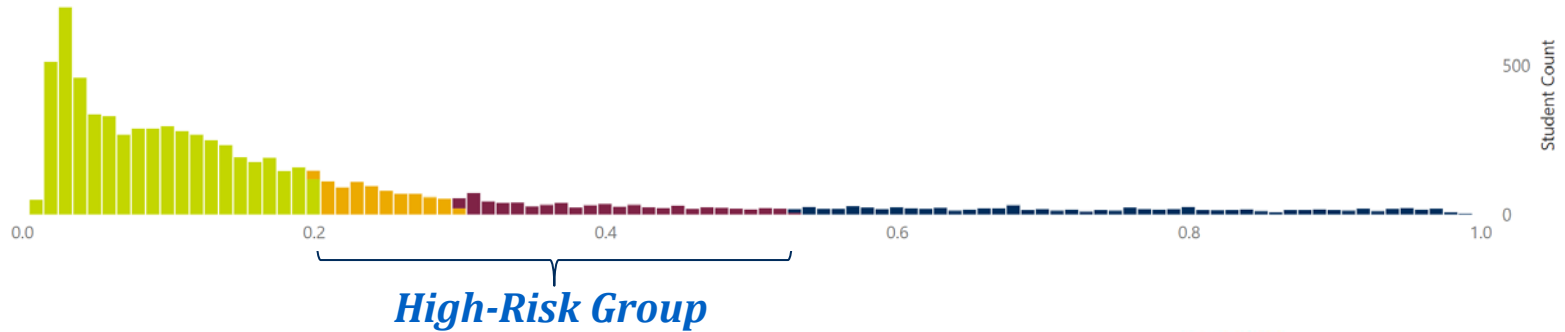
Best Model

AUC



Scoring Distribution

● 1- High Not Enrolled ● 2- Low Not Enrolled ● 3- Low Enrolled ● 4- High Enrolled



Threshold: 0.2721

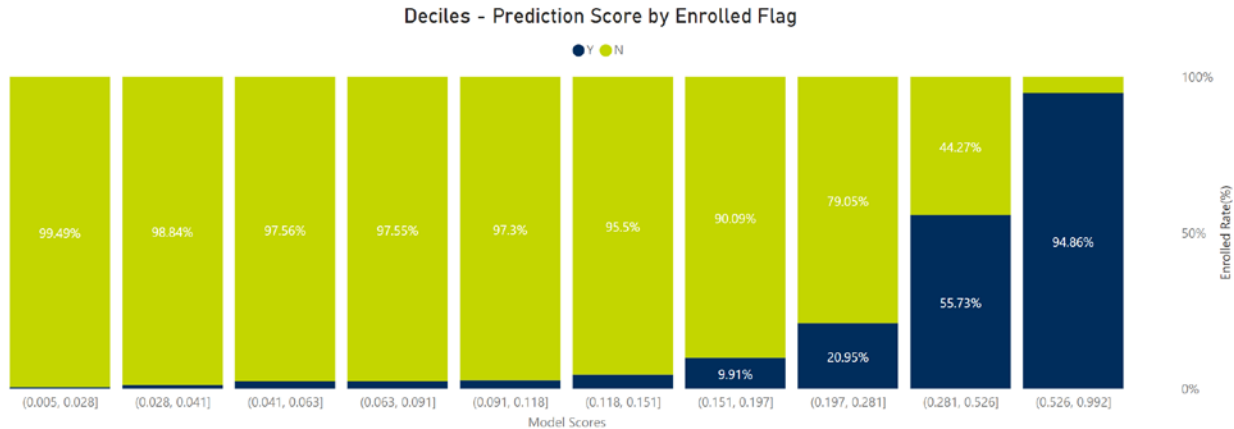
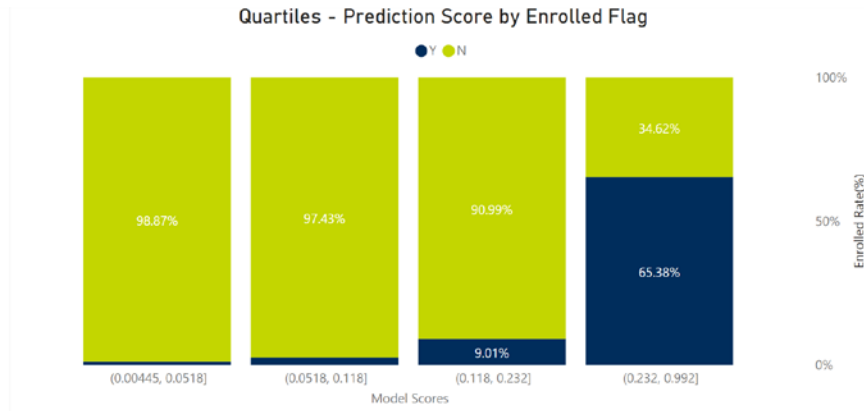
Matrix: Confusion matrix

		Predicted	
		N	Y
Actual	N	True Negative (TN) Count 5493	False Positive (FP) Count 764
	Y	False Negative (FN) Count 717	True Positive (TP) Count 801

Confusion Matrix

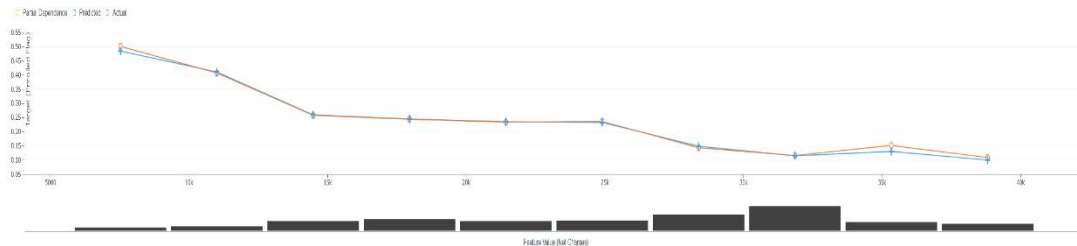


Model Score Distribution

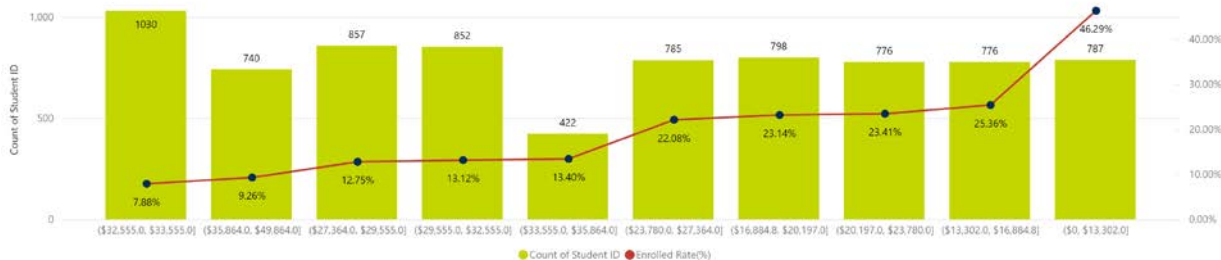


Prediction Explanations - Net Charges

Predicted & Actual Score



Deciles - Enrolled Rate(%) by Net Charges



Prediction Distribution

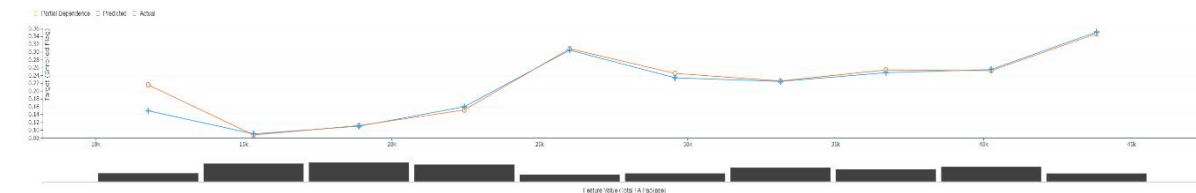
Prediction	Average of Net Charges
(0.005, 0.028]	\$32,883.99
(0.028, 0.041]	\$32,780.72
(0.041, 0.063]	\$30,069.10
(0.063, 0.091]	\$27,173.30
(0.091, 0.118]	\$25,249.00
(0.118, 0.151]	\$24,304.75
(0.151, 0.197]	\$23,440.25
(0.197, 0.281]	\$22,685.90
(0.281, 0.526]	\$21,275.27
(0.526, 0.992]	\$16,043.39
Total	\$25,590.44

Enrolled Rate(%) by Net Charges



Prediction Explanations-Total FA Package

Predicted & Actual Score



Deciles - Enrolled Rate(%) by Total FA Package



Prediction Distribution

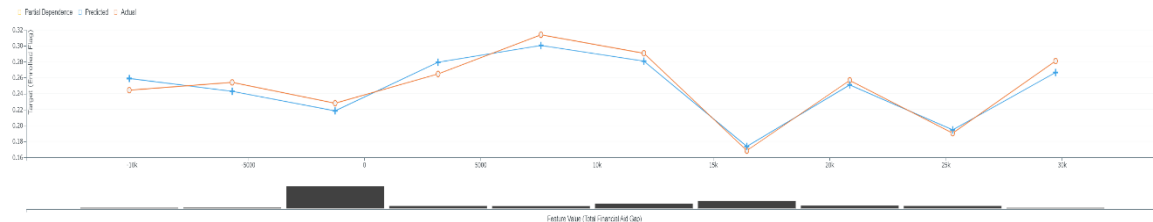
Prediction	Average of Total FA Package
(0.005, 0.028]	\$18,166.17
(0.028, 0.041]	\$18,179.19
(0.041, 0.063]	\$21,995.80
(0.063, 0.091]	\$25,833.44
(0.091, 0.118]	\$28,626.79
(0.118, 0.151]	\$29,587.58
(0.151, 0.197]	\$30,558.90
(0.197, 0.281]	\$31,139.38
(0.281, 0.526]	\$32,245.59
(0.526, 0.992]	\$34,853.48
Total	\$27,118.53

Enrolled Rate(%) by Total FA Package



Prediction Explanations-Total Financial Aid Gap

Predicted & Actual Score



Deciles - Enrolled Rate(%) by Total Financial Aid Gap



Prediction Distribution

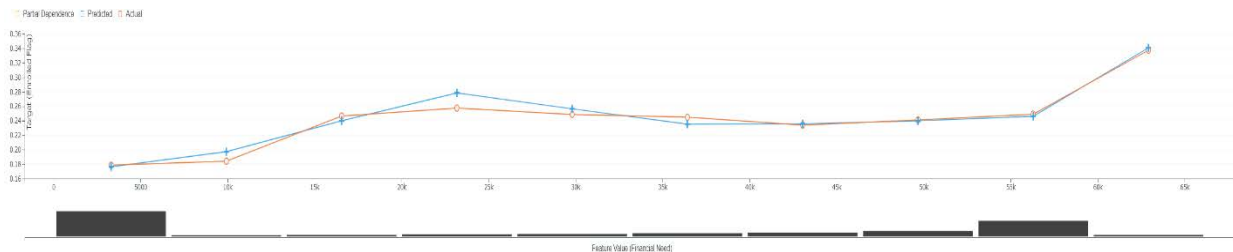
Prediction	Average of Total Financial Aid Gap
(0.005, 0.028]	\$124.71
(0.028, 0.041]	\$1,536.67
(0.041, 0.063]	\$5,435.99
(0.063, 0.091]	\$8,230.09
(0.091, 0.118]	\$9,991.21
(0.118, 0.151]	\$10,356.96
(0.151, 0.197]	\$10,935.52
(0.197, 0.281]	\$10,740.98
(0.281, 0.526]	\$8,627.66
(0.526, 0.992]	\$6,273.54
Total	\$7,201.94

Enrolled Rate(%) by Total Financial Aid Gap



Prediction Explanations-Financial Need

Predicted & Actual Score



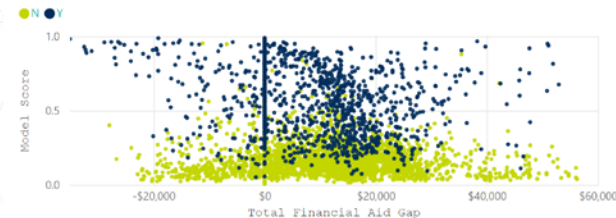
Deciles - Enrolled Rate(%) by Total Financial Aid Gap



Prediction Distribution

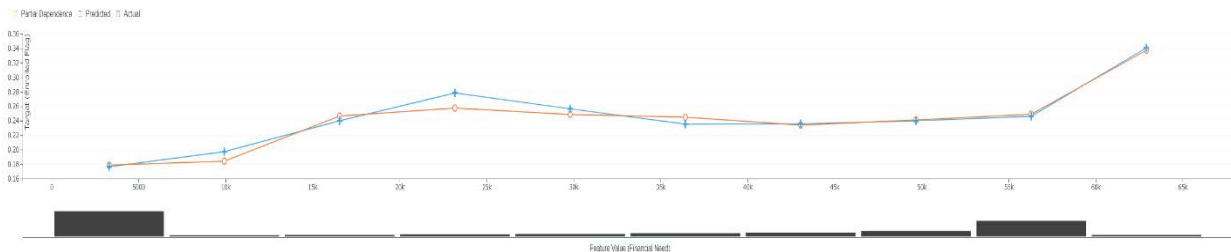
Prediction	Average of Total Financial Aid Gap
(0.005, 0.028]	\$124.71
(0.028, 0.041]	\$1,536.67
(0.041, 0.063]	\$5,435.99
(0.063, 0.091]	\$8,230.09
(0.091, 0.118]	\$9,991.21
(0.118, 0.151]	\$10,356.96
(0.151, 0.197]	\$10,935.52
(0.197, 0.281]	\$10,740.98
(0.281, 0.526]	\$8,627.66
(0.526, 0.992]	\$6,273.54
Total	\$7,201.94

Enrolled Rate(%) by Total Financial Aid Gap

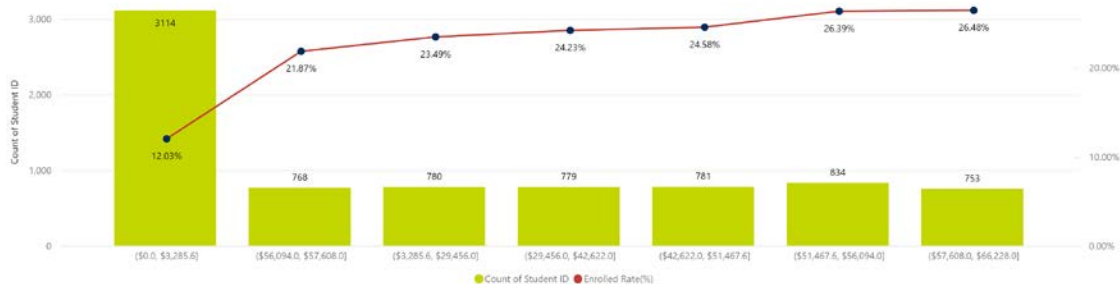


Prediction Explanations-Financial Need

Predicted & Actual Score



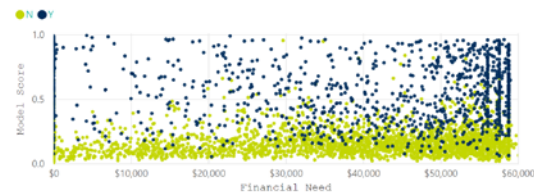
Deciles - Enrolled Rate(%) by Financial Need



Prediction Distribution

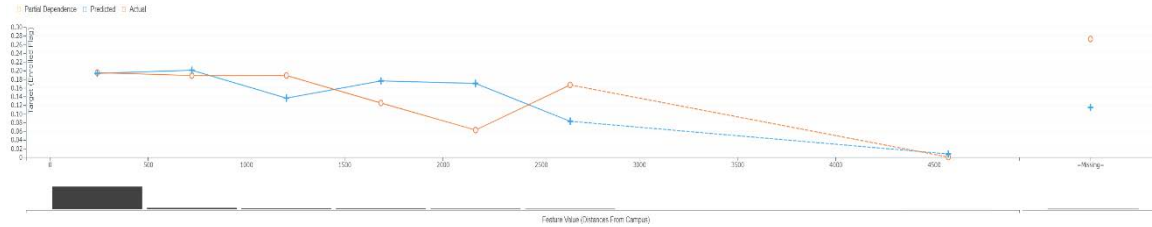
Prediction	Average of Financial Need
(0.005, 0.028]	\$686.04
(0.028, 0.041]	\$4,638.72
(0.041, 0.063]	\$18,200.08
(0.063, 0.091]	\$28,047.19
(0.091, 0.118]	\$35,014.16
(0.118, 0.151]	\$36,243.60
(0.151, 0.197]	\$39,032.44
(0.197, 0.281]	\$39,045.53
(0.281, 0.526]	\$37,611.43
(0.526, 0.992]	\$35,918.34
Total	\$27,403.28

Enrolled Rate(%) by Financial Need



Prediction Explanations-Distance From Campus

Predicted & Actual Score



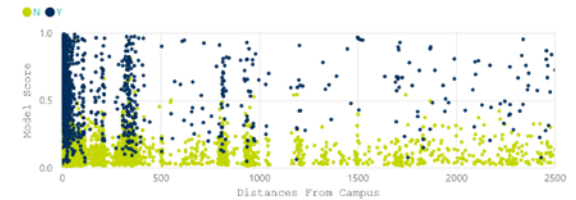
Deciles - Enrolled Rate(%) by Distances From Campus



Prediction Distribution

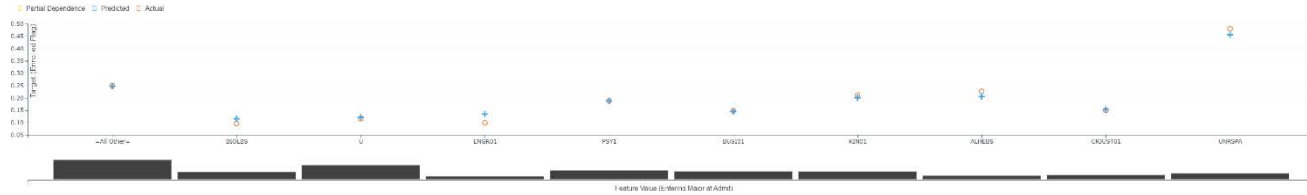
Prediction	Average of Distances From Campus
(0.005, 0.028]	287.06
(0.028, 0.041]	294.81
(0.041, 0.063]	366.93
(0.063, 0.091]	314.59
(0.091, 0.118]	270.08
(0.118, 0.151]	218.48
(0.151, 0.197]	208.03
(0.197, 0.281]	198.57
(0.281, 0.526]	231.25
(0.526, 0.992]	278.15
Total	265.73

Enrolled Rate(%) by Distances From Campus



Prediction Explanations-Entering Major at Admit

Predicted & Actual Score



Enrolled Rate(%) by Entering Major at Admit

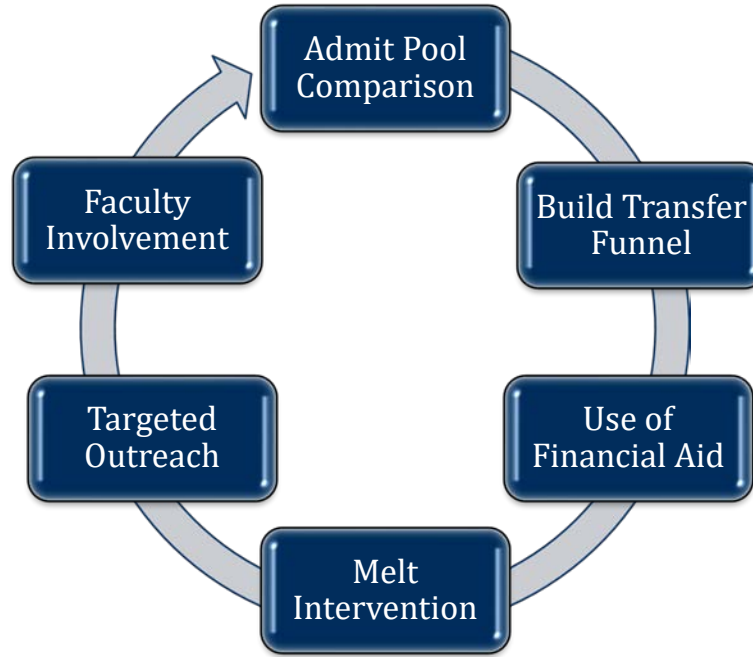




The Application

Now what?

You have constructed your model. What comes next?

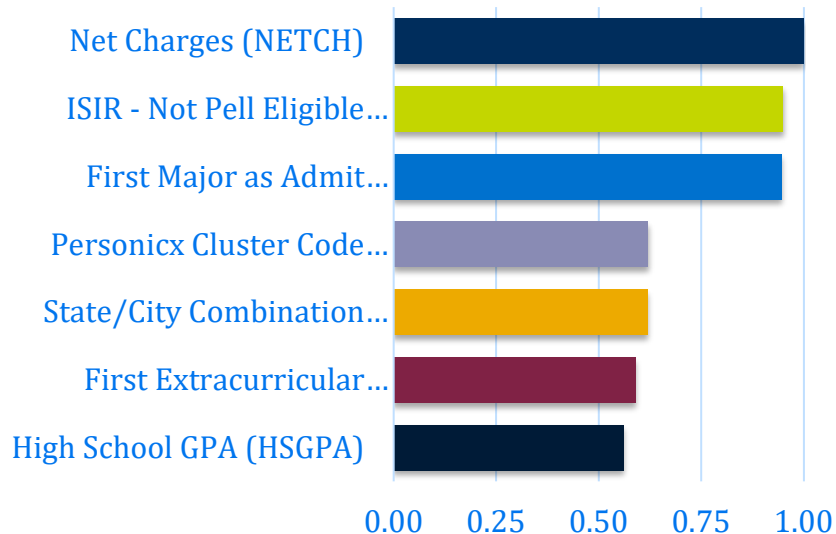


Admit Pool Comparison and Potential Impact on Yield

What variables influence your students?

Enrollment Likelihood Score

Relative Importance of Variables



Distribution of Model Scores

2020 Final

Model Score	Admitted	Enrolled	Yield Rate
0.91-1.00	104	68	65.4%
0.81-0.90	102	38	37.3%
0.71-0.80	102	36	35.3%
0.61-0.70	103	31	30.1%
0.51-0.60	102	31	30.4%
0.41-0.50	103	25	24.3%
0.31-0.40	103	16	15.5%
0.21-0.30	102	8	7.8%
0.11-0.20	102	6	5.9%
0.01-0.10	102	3	2.9%
Totals:	1025	262	25.6%

Admit Pool Comparison and Potential Impact on Yield

What variables influence your students?

	Model Data (2 Years)				Actual Result			
Model Score	Admitted	% Admit Pool	Enrolled	Yield Rate	Admitted	% Admit Pool	Enrolled	Yield Rate
0.91-1.00	442	10%	251	56.8%	193	9%	110	57.0%
0.81-0.90	440	10%	173	39.3%	176	8%	65	36.9%
0.71-0.80	440	10%	113	25.7%	245	12%	71	29.0%
0.61-0.70	440	10%	80	18.2%	226	11%	50	22.1%
0.51-0.60	440	10%	66	15.0%	188	9%	34	18.1%
0.41-0.50	440	10%	48	10.9%	212	10%	28	13.2%
0.31-0.40	440	10%	32	7.3%	186	9%	7	3.8%
0.21-0.30	440	10%	19	4.3%	235	11%	4	1.7%
0.11-0.20	440	10%	8	1.8%	239	11%	3	1.3%
0.01-0.10	440	10%	5	1.1%	200	10%	3	1.5%
Totals:	4402		795	18.1%	2100		375	17.9%

Building a Transfer Funnel

- Not every high-scoring student will enroll at your institution...at least not the 1st time.
- Fold high-scoring non-enrolled students into your transfer funnel and comm flow.
- Do you know the historical percent of your TR students that were in your FY funnel?

Distribution of Model Scores

Model Score	Full Data	
	Count Non-Enrolled	Percent Non-Enrolled
0.01-0.10	99	13.0%
0.11-0.20	96	12.6%
0.21-0.30	94	12.3%
0.31-0.40	87	11.4%
0.41-0.50	78	10.2%
0.51-0.60	71	9.3%
0.61-0.70	72	9.4%
0.71-0.80	66	8.7%
0.81-0.90	64	8.4%
0.91-1.00	36	4.7%
Totals:	763	

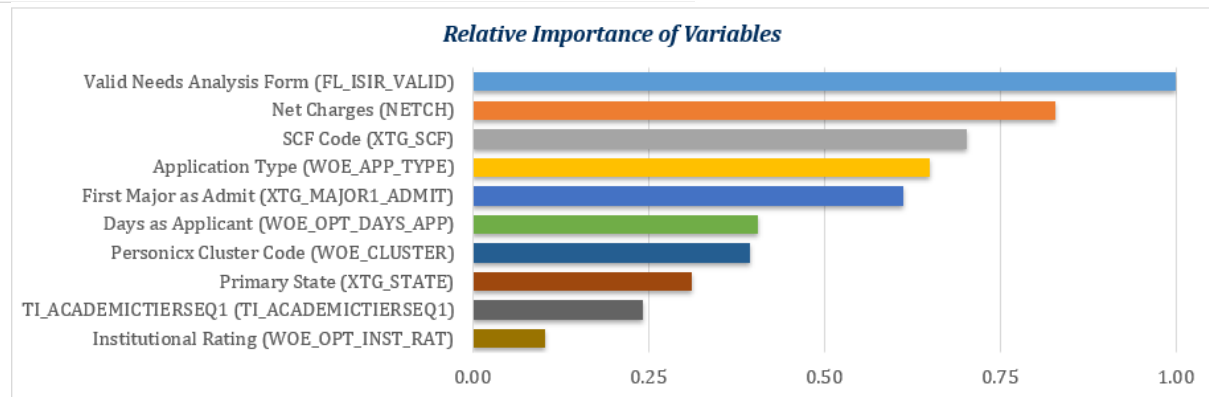
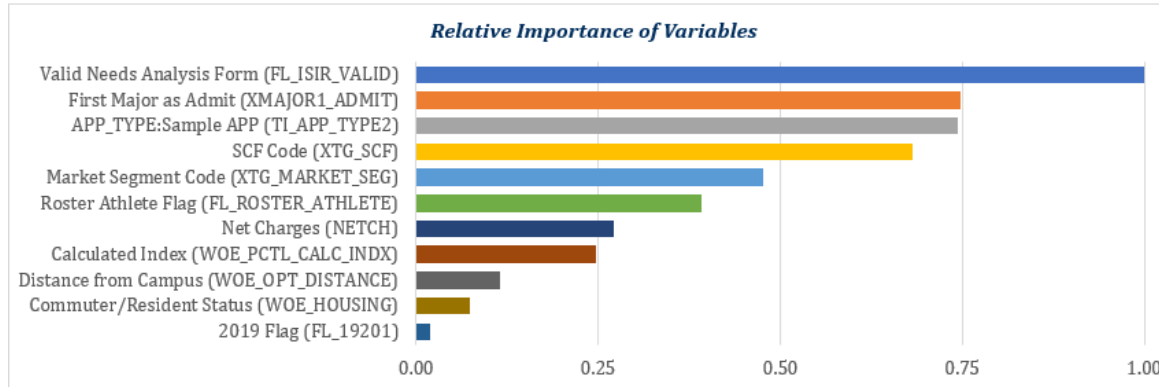
Building a Transfer Funnel

- Students interested in prior years may still have a connection to your institution.
- Periodic communication may resonate best with students that statistically “resemble” current enrollments.

Name	Model Score	Major	FAFSA	Distance (Miles)
Wes	.9	Nursing	Yes	5
John	.8	Engineering	Yes	15
Lisa	.7	Music	Yes	25
Todd	.6	Business	Yes	100
Sylvia	.5	Comm	No	250
Roberto	.4	English	No	500
Jen	.3	Undecided	No	1000

Use of Financial Aid

How much is too much, or not enough?



Will financial aid move the needle on its own?

2.7%



An aggregate and student level change in probability allows for the understanding of price sensitivity.

Enrollment Likelihood	Probability of Enrollment	Change in Probability
0.91 - 1.00	68.1%	3.9%
0.81 - 0.90	47.8%	4.8%
0.71 - 0.80	36.1%	4.6%
0.61 - 0.70	24.9%	3.8%
0.51 - 0.60	16.8%	2.9%
0.41 - 0.50	11.3%	2.1%
0.31 - 0.40	7.5%	1.5%
0.21 - 0.30	4.5%	0.9%
0.11 - 0.20	2.3%	0.5%
0.01 - 0.10	0.9%	0.2%
	23.1%	2.7%

Measuring the Impact of Aid Changes

“The foundation just gave us \$500K...”

Determine the students you want to impact yield.

Simulate the amount of aid you would give pending students.

See real time results if the increase would benefit your campus.

Increase Aid: 1,000



Model Score Bin: All



Receptivity Bin: All



Current Projected Enrollment

Current Projected Net Tuition Revenue

Change

New Projected Enrollment

New Projected Net Tuition Revenue

192

\$3,059,222

17 Enr

\$81,273 NTR

209

\$3,140,495

CURRENT PROJECTED INSTITUTIONAL AID

\$4,575,506

NEW PROJECTED INSTIUTIONAL AID

\$5,173,669



Melt Intervention/Prevention

Model Construction

Distribution of Model Scores					
Model Score	Previous 2 Years of Data				
	Admitted	% Admitted	Enrolled	% Enrolled	Yield
0.01-0.10	270	10.0%	6	1.1%	2.2%
0.11-0.20	270	10.0%	8	1.5%	3.0%
0.21-0.30	270	10.0%	24	4.4%	8.9%
0.31-0.40	270	10.0%	34	6.3%	12.6%
0.41-0.50	270	10.0%	53	9.8%	19.6%
0.51-0.60	270	10.0%	53	9.8%	19.6%
0.61-0.70	270	10.0%	68	12.6%	25.2%
0.71-0.80	270	10.0%	69	12.8%	25.6%
0.81-0.90	270	10.0%	91	16.8%	33.7%
0.91-1.00	271	10.0%	135	25.0%	49.8%
Totals:	2701		541		20.0%

Current State

Distribution of Model Scores					
Model Score	2021				
	Admitted	% Admitted	Enrolled	% Enrolled	Yield
0.01-0.10	257	17.4%	8	5.0%	3.1%
0.11-0.20	186	12.6%	11	6.8%	5.9%
0.21-0.30	182	12.3%	15	9.3%	8.2%
0.31-0.40	176	11.9%	14	8.7%	8.0%
0.41-0.50	214	14.4%	29	18.0%	13.6%
0.51-0.60	121	8.2%	14	8.7%	11.6%
0.61-0.70	114	7.7%	24	14.9%	21.1%
0.71-0.80	84	5.7%	14	8.7%	16.7%
0.81-0.90	82	5.5%	16	9.9%	19.5%
0.91-1.00	65	4.4%	16	9.9%	24.6%
Totals:	1481		161		10.9%

Targeted Outreach

- FAFSA completion
- Visit promotion
- Programmatic push
- Phone/email prioritization
- Regional communication

Enrollment Likelihood	Probability of Enrollment
0.91 - 1.00	68.1%
0.81 - 0.90	47.8%
0.71 - 0.80	36.1%
0.61 - 0.70	24.9%
0.51 - 0.60	16.8%
0.41 - 0.50	11.3%
0.31 - 0.40	7.5%
0.21 - 0.30	4.5%
0.11 - 0.20	2.3%
0.01 - 0.10	0.9%
	23.1%

Faculty Communication



Faculty wake up thinking about how to best educate students. Enrollment managers wake up thinking about how best to enroll a class. Both are critically important.



Using a model score allows the ability to prioritize faculty outreach by identifying students whose characteristics most resemble those students that have previously enrolled.



Faculty enjoy participating in the recruitment process. Ensuring you provide strong prospects will keep them coming back next time.

Thank you!

Please reach for further discussion.

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